Year: 3/4

Key Questions:

What are the different climate zones in South America?

How do different climate zones affect life in different countries in South America?

Which countries does the Amazon rainforest spread over?

How do landscapes vary across South America?

How are the physical features (land forms, rivers, etc) of Chile different to those in the UK?

Where do people live in South America?

Climate Zones and Biomes: South America

Enquiry Question: How does geographical location impact a country's environment?

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Key Facts:	ור
• South America is in both the Northern and Southern Hemisphere, with the Equator running directly through the continent.	
• The Pacific Ocean is to the west of South America and the Atlantic Ocean is to the north and east.	
• South America has twelve countries in total. These include Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil and Chile. South America is the fourth largest continent, with around 423 million people living there.	
• PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY - South America has a very varied landscape. It has the world's largest river system, the	
Amazon River basin, flowing through the Amazon rainforest. Brazil has three major biomes: the tropical rainforest, the	
Atlantic Forest, and the Cerrado savannah.	
• There is a hot and wet climate in the Amazon rainforest, and it is full of biodiversity. The rainforest spreads over four	
different nations and it is around twenty-five times the size of the United Kingdom.	
• The Andes mountain range is the longest mountain range on Earth. It runs along the western coast of South America	
from the very southern tip to the north coastline, near to the Caribbean.	
• The climate of the Andes mountain range varies - northern parts are wet and warm, southern parts are cold and wet,	
whilst the central areas are cold and very dry.	
• HUMAN GEOGRAPHY - South America's largest cities include São Paulo and Rio de Janeiro (in Brazil), Buenos Aires (in	
Argentina) and Lima (in Peru).	
• Brazil is the largest country in South America and also has the largest population. It is a major tourist destination, with	
over 2 million people visiting every year to see famous landmarks such as Christ the Redeemer and Ipanema beach.	
• CHILE - on a map, the republic of Chile looks like a long piece of narrow ribbon on the southwestern coast of South	
America. Chile is a land of physical extremes. Its desert north is one of the driest places on Earth. Its windswept and	
rainy south is roughly comparable to the Pacific coast of Canada.	
 Almost ¾ of Chile is mountainous. The ocean forms its western and southern boundaries. 	
• There are three major climatic regions in Chile: the northern desert, the temperate central zone, and the humid, but	
cold, southern region.	

Term: Summer 2

Glossary:

Climate Climate Zones	The weather found in a certain place over a long period of time. An area of land known for its particular climate. They
	also have their own type of vegetation and wildlife.
Biomes	Areas of the planet with a similar climate and landscape where animals and plants live.
Equator	An imaginary line around the earth that divides the northern and southern hemispheres.
Human Geography	Human geography focuses on where people live, what they do and how they use the land.
Physical Geography	Physical geography is the study of the lands natural features, e.g. mountains, forests deserts and oceans.
Biodiversity	The enormous variety of living things on Earth.
Land forms	A naturally formed feature on the Earths surface, <i>e.g.</i> <i>mountains, hills, valleys,</i> <i>volcanoes.</i>
Human settlement	Places where people live and work, <i>e.g. villages,</i> <i>towns, cities.</i>



Summer 2 – Year 3/4 – South America: Climate Zones and Biomes - Homework					
Homework to be completed and		all about the diverse and vibrant conti	ing all about <i>South America: Climate Zones and Biomes</i> . The inent and the countries within it. Homework can be		
South America: Climate Zones and Bio You have a scrap book to use to complete your homewo Over the next few weeks try to complete some of these of your own. TRY TO COMPLETE AT LEAST ONE OF THE WRITING	vork project. e activities or make some up	Learning links: BBC Bitesize – Let's explore South America https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/articles/zhp disg Climate Zones - https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/z669m p3 Biomes –	Places to Visit: London's Best Latin Street Food - <u>https://www.latinolife.co.uk/articles/londons-best-latin-street-food</u> Horniman Museum - <u>https://www.horniman.ac.uk/plan-your-visit/</u> London Zoo - <u>https://www.londonzoo.org/whats-here/habitats/rainforest-life</u>		
 Write a newspaper article about the deforestar rainforest Write a story about a trek across the Andes Mo Write a secret message in Spanish. Research a famous South American landmark a 	Mountains.	Biomes – https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/articles/z2kj 2v4 Geography of South America (physical and human geography) - https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/articles/zp9 sydm https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/articles/zyy	Remember to read each day and get an adult to sign your reading record. Don't forget to collect your rewards for reading!		
explaining why people should come and visit.5. Write your own fairy tale story that is set in BraNOW CHOOSE SOME OR ALL OF THESE:		kwnb#zbktn9g	Spelling Don't forget spelling rules for your spelling words will go home with you Friday for your quiz the following week!		
 Create a diorama of the Amazon Rainforest. Make a 3D model or 2D picture of South Americountries. Create traditional Peruvian weaving - <u>https://weefolkart.com/homeschool/peruvian</u> Make your own Chilean rain stick - <u>https://www</u> 	an-weaving-project-felt/	Polar Engreta Arid Mediternanan Mountains	Maths Please complete your maths homework each week and don't forget to practise your times tables and log onto <u>Times Table</u> <u>Rock Stars.</u>		
rainstick/		<image/>	Rainforget Biblioburg		