

Threads

Through our history curriculum, we have identified key threads: substantive concepts that run throughout our units, revisited each time in increasing depth. Whilst ensuring the children's learning is cohesive, they provide opportunities for the children to broaden their knowledge and further develop their skills in enquiry.

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|-------------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Monarchy and Rule | Monarchy, power | Legacy | Achievements and | Invasion and Conflict | Invasion and conflict. | Exploration | Exploration – |
| | and rule. | | legacies. | | | ₹ | discovering new |
| | | | | | | | people and places; |
| | | | | • | | | expanding territories. |
| Settlement | Settlement – the | Technology and Discovery | Technology and | Empire | Empire – the rise, | | |
| | establishment of | | Discovery: progress and | | downfall and influence | | |
| | communities. | ್ಲಿಂ | advancements in science, | | of empires. | | |
| | | ** | maths, art and literature, | | | | |
| | | | etc. | | | | |
| Migration | Movement and | Trade | Trade – developing | Religion | Religion – worship and | | |
| | migration. | | societies, interactions | - 1 | beliefs. | | |
| | | | and growth. | | | | |
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| | EYFS | |
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| Talk about past and present events in their own life | Compare and contrast characters from stories, including | Comment on images of familiar situations in the past |
| and the lives of family members | figures from the past. | |
| Know some similarities and differences between | Know some similarities and differences between things in | |
| things in the past and now, drawing on their | the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what | |
| experiences. | has been read in class. | |
| Talk about the lives of people around them and | Understand the past through settings, characters and | |
| their roles in society. | events encountered in books read in class and storytelling | |
| Through discussion about their own experiences | Through the exploration of stories, images and photos, | Using photos of themselves, images of familiar |
| and that of their families, such as birthdays, family | the children will continue to learn how to identify people | settings in the past and present, images from stories |
| holidays and celebrations the children will learn to | and events from the past and go on to compare and | or non-fictions texts, the children will learn, with |
| talk about the past. They will begin to examine | contrast. | support, to infer information through discussion. |

| images and objects, to infer information and identify similarities and differences. | | | |
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| | | KS1 | |
| National | Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know | | |
| Curriculum | where the people and events | they study fit within a chronological framework and ide | ntify similarities and differences between ways of |
| life in different periods. They should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms. They should ask and answer questions, | | | ns. They should ask and answer questions, |
| choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events. They should | | | derstand key features of events. They should |
| | understand some of the ways | in which we find out about the past and identify differe | nt ways in which it is represented. |

| | Year 1 | | | | | |
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| Unit | Our Grandparents | London: Now and Past | Around the World | | | |
| National | Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, | Significant historical events, people and places in | Changes within living memory. Where | | | |
| Curriculum | using common words and phrases relating to the | their own locality. The lives of significant | appropriate, these should be used to reveal | | | |
| | passing of time. They should know where the | individuals in the past who have contributed to | aspects of change in national life. Significant | | | |
| | people and events they study fit within a | national and international achievements. They | historical events, people and places in their own | | | |
| | chronological framework and identify similarities | should know where the people and events they | locality. The lives of significant individuals in the | | | |
| | and differences between ways of life in different | study fit within a chronological framework and | past who have contributed to national and | | | |
| | periods. Changes within living memory. Ask and | identify similarities and differences between | international achievements. | | | |
| | answer questions, choosing and using parts of | ways of life in different periods. | | | | |
| | stories and other sources to show that they know | | | | | |
| | and understand key features of events | | | | | |
| Overview | Enquiry Question: What was it like when my | Enquiry Question: How do you think London has | Enquiry Question: What were the changes that | | | |
| | grandparents were young? | changed? | led to my community being the way it is? | | | |
| | To the control of the | The district of the city of the control of the city of | | | | |
| | In this unit, the children will begin by asking and | In this unit the children will draw upon their | In this unit, the children will continue to develop | | | |
| | answering questions about their own families and | previous learning and develop it by investigating | their understanding of our community's past by | | | |
| | grandparents, using pictures and discussion to | the history of their own local city, London. They | studying the history of flight and the Notting Hill | | | |
| | reflect on the passing of time sorting images into time order. The children will discuss what is | will look at the changing landscape of London, the changing rulers and have a first look at some | Carnival. The children will begin by investigating some key historical achievements in flight, | | | |
| | meant by 'past' and 'present' and create a simple | significant historical events that took place in | looking closely at significant events and | | | |
| | timeline from the 1950s to the present. The | London, such as the industrial revolution and | individuals who have contributed to this history. | | | |
| | children will explore similarities and differences | Covid lockdowns. | The children will continue to develop their | | | |
| | between the schools in the past (their | They will place these people and events within a | understanding of chronology by sequencing both | | | |
| | grandparents' era) and present by examining | chronological framework by examining, | in time order through discussion and imagery. | | | |
| | objects and photos, before making comparisons | discussing and sequencing images and artefacts | They will be encouraged to consider the impact | | | |
| | objects and priotos, before making comparisons | alsoussing and sequencing images and diteracts | They will be elicouraged to consider the impact | | | |

| | between their experiences and that of their | and begin to compare and contrast the different | of flight on their community drawing on themes | |
|---------|--|--|---|--|
| | grandparents. | periods. | of diversity and the cultural enrichment of their | |
| | | | community. They will discover that despite these | |
| | | | developments being something that our city | |
| | | | celebrates, change has not always been | |
| | | | welcomed in the past. Finally, the children's | |
| | | | learning will take them to the Notting Hill | |
| | | | Carnival as an example of that cultural impact. | |
| | | | They will look at the history of Notting Hill | |
| | | | Carnival and the subsequent changes that | |
| | | | occurred as a result of it. | |
| Skills | Chronology, investigating and interpreting, | Chronology, investigating and interpreting, | Chronology, investigating and interpreting, | |
| | changes over time, similarities and differences, | changes over time, similarities and differences, | changes over time, ask and answer questions. | |
| | ask and answer questions, | ask and answer questions, | | |
| Threads | Migration | Migration Settlement Legacy | Migration Settlement Legacy | |
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| | Year 2 | | | | |
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| Unit | The Great Fire of London | Travel and Transport | Women Who Change the World | | |
| National | Events beyond living memory that are significant | Events beyond living memory that are significant | The lives of significant individuals in the past | | |
| Curriculum | nationally or globally. Significant historical events, | nationally or globally. The lives of significant | who have contributed to national and | | |
| | people and places in their own locality. | individuals in the past who have contributed to | international achievements. | | |
| | | national and international achievements. | | | |
| Overview | Enquiry Question: What caused the Great Fire of | Enquiry Question: What are the ways travel and | Enquiry Question: Can you describe the life | | |
| | London and how did they stop it from happening | transport have changed from past to present? | of an individual who has contributed to | | |
| | again? | | national and international achievements? | | |
| | | In this unit, the children will continue to use simple | | | |
| | In this unit, the children will learn about the Great | timelines to place significant people, events and | In this unit, the children will be introduced | | |
| | Fire of London through pictures and eye-witness | discoveries within a chronological framework: from | to several women of inspiration who have | | |
| | reports. They will use simple timelines to place | the invention of the wheel to first moon landing. The | contributed to national and international | | |
| | people and events within a chronological | children will follow lines of enquiry into particular | achievements, from Florence Nightingale to | | |
| | framework and discuss the order of events. The | forms of transport, for example the history of flight, | Malala Yousafzai. They will use simple | | |
| | children will be history detectives and investigate | during which will build on previous learning. They will | timelines to sort people and events into | | |
| | the reasons behind the start of the Great Fire of | compare and contrast, discuss changes that occurred, | chronological order, right up to within living | | |
| | London. They will find out why the Great Fire | nationally and internationally and begin to discuss the | memory. They will compare aspects of life | | |

| | burned down so may houses and ask the question, | reasons for those changes. The children will reflect | in different places and periods whilst | |
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| | could more have been done to slow the spread of | upon particular advancements and their impact on | exploring the lives of each woman. In each | |
| | the fire? Continuing on, the children will then learn | people's lives, for example the use of trains in the 19 th | they will reflect on their pasts, the | |
| | about how the people of London managed to live | century: allowing for further comparisons between | contributions they made and the | |
| | through the fire and the ways in which society and | the ways of life in different periods. | subsequent changes that occurred. | |
| | laws responded, including the ways in which the | | | |
| | city was reimagined and rebuilt. | | | |
| Skills | Chronology, ask and answer questions, start to use | Chronology, ask and answer questions, understand that | Chronology, ask and answer questions, explore | |
| | stories or accounts to distinguish between fact and | there are different types of evidence that can help | different types of evidence, similarities and | |
| | fiction., cause and consequences, change over time. | represent the past, changes over time, similarities and | differences, cause and consequence, changes | |
| | | differences, cause and consequence. | over time | |
| Threads | Legacy Migration Settlement | Technology and Discovery Legacy Migration Exploration | Technology and Discovery | |

| | KS2 | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| National Curriculum | Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources. In planning to ensure the progression described above through teaching the British, local and world history outlined below, teachers should combine overview and depth studies to help pupils understand both the long arc of development and the complexity of specific aspects of the content. | | | | | |
| | <u>Year</u> | | | | | |
| Unit | Stone Age to Iron Age | Ancient Egypt | | | | |
| National Curriculum | Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age. | The achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of one of the following: Ancient Sumer; The Indus Valley; Ancient Egypt ; The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China | | | | |
| Overview | Enquiry Question: Was Life Better in the Stone Age, Bronze Age or Iron Age? In this unit the children continue to develop their understanding of chronology, sequencing periods of history with the introduction of dates. The children will draw upon various sources of evidence, both primary and secondary to make inferences about each 'age'. They will begin to consider fact that history can be interpreted in more than one way and consider the reasons for this. The children will look at societal changes from Stone Age to Iron Age and the reasons behind them, reflecting on both the positive and negative consequences of each change. | Enquiry Question: How were the Ancient Egyptians able to survive for 3000 years? The children begin this unit by looking at an overview of the earliest civilisations, including where they were located and when they took place. They will consider how Ancient Egyptian society was structured; what evidence from the past can tell us about them and the possible limitations of various sources of evidence. The children will reflect upon the importance of agriculture and the Nile as resource for Ancient Egyptians and the part it played in the development of this civilisation. They will consider the significance of their writing system and other advancements, drawing comparisons with concurrent periods of history. | | | | |
| Skills | Chronology, cause and consequence, similarities and differences, continuity and change – with support, discuss reasons for change, investigate and interpret from multiple sources (primary and secondary) – begin to discuss differing interpretations. | Chronology, investigate and interpret from multiple sources – primary and secondary, cause and consequence, similarities and differences, continuity and change – with support, discuss reasons for change. | | | | |
| Threads | Monarchy and Rule Technology and Discovery Migration Discovery Trade Conflict Trade | Monarchy and Rule Discovery Religion Discovery Settlement Settlement | | | | |

| | Year 4 | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| Unit | Anglo Saxons and Vikings | A Local Study: London at War | The Kingdom of Benin | | |
| National Curriculum | Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots. The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor | A local history study - a study of an aspect of history or a site dating from a period beyond 1066 that is significant in the locality. | A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – one study chosen: Benin (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300. | | |
| Overview | Enquiry Question: Did the settlement by Anglo-Saxons make England a better or worse place to live? Should the Vikings be viewed as just killers and thieves? | Enquiry Question: How did World War II impact our local area and did anything positive come from it? In this unit the children will be begin by looking at the reasons for Britain going to war in 1939. They | Enquiry Question: What was Britain's Role in the Downfall of Benin? In this unit, the children will learn about the Kingdom of Benin in the | | |
| | The children will begin this unit by looking at how Saxon England began and what happened during the Anglo-Saxon period. They will extract information from various sources of evidence, to analyse and interpret. They will | will look at who was involved and key events during the war, including the Blitz. The children will consider the short- and long-term impact of the war on Britain: bombings, evacuations, rationing, how urban communities came together and what that | context of wider history: how it was established, its rise in power and eventual decline, reflecting on the part Britain played in this history. | | |
| | consider the source of each piece of evidence and possible limitations. The children will reflect upon daily life in Saxon England and make comparisons with people from another significant period, i.e. the Romans. They will consider how the Vikings invaders were viewed by the Anglo-Saxons and how the conflict between the two changed Britain. | was like. They will draw evidence from both primary and secondary sources, including different accounts of the same event, and reflect upon the reasons for those differences. This will run parallel with the children's investigation into the impact of WWII on their local area, Kennington: using evidence from a variety of sources, e.g. OS maps, aerial photographs, recounts from local individuals and fieldwork. | They will gather evidence from a range of sources to analyse and interpret, building a picture of what life was like in the kingdom of Benin and make comparisons with the lives of those living in Britain at that time. | | |
| Skills | Chronology, similarities and differences, cause and consequence – identify more than one reason for events / actions. | Chronology, continuity and change – begin to independently identify important changes and consider reasons for them, cause and consequence – identify more than one reason for events / actions. Investigate different accounts of the same event. | Chronology, similarities and differences, cause and consequence, investigate different sources of evidence and different accounts of same event – explain the reasons for differences. | | |
| Threads | Invasion and Conflict Migration Settlement Monarchy and Rule | Invasion and Conflict Legacy Migration | Monarchy and Rule Invasion and Conflict | | |

| | Year 5 | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Unit | Ancient Rome | The Victorians | Space | | |
| National Curriculum | The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain. | A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066; a significant turning point in British history, for example, the first railways. | Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. | | |
| Overview | Enquiry Question: How did the Roman | Enquiry Question: How have our Lives been | Enquiry Question: Can the developments in | | |
| | Empire leave its mark on Britain? | Changed by the Victorians? | Space Travel be considered as important as past travel advances, e.g. the railways? | | |
| | In this unit, the children will begin by exploring the rise of the Roman Empire, the power of its army and the reasons behind its invasion of Britain. Having already learned about the Stone Age to Iron Age, the children will be able to make direct links between the Iron Age and Rome's arrival in Britain. They will consider the 'Romanisation' of Britain and the rebellion of Boudicca, ultimately reflecting on the extent to which the Romans changed the lives of people living in Britain at that time. | In this unit, the children will carry out a study into the significance of the Victorian period within the wider narrative of British history. They will contrast everyday lives during the Victorian era with modern British lifestyles; they will consider some of the major changes during that period and their effects on the physical, social and cultural landscape, including the impact of the railways and Industrial Revolution, and reflect on different perspectives of those changes. The children will learn about significant people and events of that time, drawing from a variety of sources and analysing the reliability of each one. | In this unit, the children will continue to explore significant people and events in our global history and in the history of travel and transportation, building upon their previous learning in KS1 and KS2. They will continue to develop their chronological knowledge by mapping the history of space travel and examine the events that led to the moon landing in 1969. They will recognise that sometimes change is not abrupt and consider the impact these changes have had, and will have on societies, making comparisons with previous developments already studied, e.g. the | | |
| Skills | Chronology, cause and consequence – recognise when there is more than one - assess importance of each, change and continuity – recognise some changes are not abrupt. | Chronology, similarities and differences – within period and with another period studied, cause and consequence – impact on the people studied, continuity and change – using increasingly broad variety of evidence, e.g. census, to explore changes | railways. Chronology, change and continuity, similarities and differences, cause and consequence (past, current and future). | | |
| Threads | Monarchy and Rule Empire Conflict Legacy Technology and Discovery Conflict Religion Religion | Over time. Menarchy and Rule Discovery Legacy Legacy | Technology and Discovery | | |

| | Year 6 | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| Unit | Ancient Greece | Ancient Maya | Post 1066 Study: The History of Medicine | | |
| National Curriculum | Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world. | A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – one study chosen: Mayan civilization c. AD 900. | A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066; changes in an aspect of social history. | | |
| Overview | Enquiry Question: Children to establish own line of enquiry into the impact of the Greeks. | Enquiry Question: How 'civilised' were the Mayans compared to other civilisations? | Enquiry Question: Which time period was the most important for new developments in medicine? | | |
| | In this unit, the children will begin by looking at where the Ancient Greek civilisation is placed in time, identifying links between events and relating this timeline to others they have studied (e.g. Ancient Egypt, Iron Age). They will analyse the geography of Greece and consider how it shaped their lives; carry out an inquiry into the city-states and reflect on the strengths and weaknesses of each and consider the impact of Ancient Greece on the modern world. For each investigation, the children will gather evidence from a number of different sources and evaluate usefulness of each. Lastly, they will learn how to pursue an enquiry by examining a question; create a line of | In this unit, the children will begin by mapping out the location and duration of the Maya civilisation, including key dates of cities being built. Using their knowledge of periods of history previously taught, links will be made with those that are concurrent. They will also consider how the geography of central America would have impacted the Maya. The children will then go on to build a picture of what life was like in Maya by examining the archaeology of Mayan cities. They will reflect on the source of each piece of evidence and consider its usefulness. The children will learn about the beliefs and achievements of the Maya and continue to make comparisons with other civilisations, as they | In this unit, the children will carry out a study into the History of Medicine. They will focus on 'medicine' as an all-encompassing subject (medicine, surgery, public health), mapping out life-changing discoveries and the lives of significant people and events that impacted the pace of progress. They will revisit periods of history previously taught (Ancient Egypt, Romans, Victorians, WWII etc) to compare and contrast. They will reflect on evidence from a number of sources: archaeological artefacts, newspaper reports, personal accounts, medical journals, diagrams and photos – all of which will be analysed for their purpose and | | |
| Skills | enquiry, then investigate. Chronology, similarities and differences – between 3 time periods, suggesting why there may be similarities, cause and consequence – create a line of enquiry and investigate. | consider their enquiry question. Chronology, similarities and differences between multiple periods studied, cause and consequence, independently select relevant sections of information to address questions. | usefulness. Chronology, similarities and differences between multiple periods studied, cause and consequence, change and continuity – map changes over time, consider influences of wider aspects; investigate own line of enquiry by posing historically valid Qs. | | |
| Threads | Monarchy and Rule Legacy Technology and biscovery Invasion and Conflict | Monarchy and Rule Discovery Religion | Technology and Discovery Legacy Monarchy and Rule Conflict Conflict | | |